

Another Military Outrage.

The accounts of the western journals of the scenes attending the late meeting of the Indiana Democratic State Convention at Indianapolis will be received throughout the country with emotions of profound alarm and indignation by all fair-minded Republicans as well as Democrats. The malicious proceedings of HASCALL, the military satrap in that district, were clearly intended to provoke a collision with a peaceful assemblage so as to give him an excuse for some new outrage, but his intent was happily thwarted by the forbearance of the Democrats in attendance. Hascall planted cannon in the street and placed soldiers in the hall to overawe the delegates; he closed the liquor shops to citizens but left them open to gangs of drunken soldiers, who were permitted to go about grossly insulting unoffending people, so as to create, if possible, a general row. With rare self control the Democrats in attendance bore the insults without resenting them on the spot. Foiled in this attempt, Hascall next resorted to the ingenious plan of stopping the railroad trains as the assemblage was dispersing and robbing the passengers of their pistols. Even this outrage failed to bring about the general scene of massacre he had evidently been instructed to inaugurate.

It seems almost certain, from the course the military authorities are pursuing in the West, that it is their deliberate intention to provoke an outbreak, so as to give the President an excuse for declaring martial law and setting aside the civil power in all the States of the North. That theory alone will account for outrages such as those perpetrated by Burnside and Hascall.

The Democratic Party of New York.

The Louisville Journal closes an article upon the Democratic Legislative Address as follows:

"The Democratic party of New York is not open to the imputation of having trimmed its sails, or changed by a hair's breadth the position of its rudder, in consequence of the exciting occurrences of the last hundred days, which have tried the steamship of so many political navigators, and we must be permitted to add (begging everybody's pardon,) the seaworthiness of a certain craft, or raft, to which the party has been invited to transfer its cargo. The Democratic party of New York continue to navigate the same staunch old ship, sailing by the same compass, and steering in precisely the same direction as before the question was publicly raised whether the war

Death of Adj't Samuel C. Noyes, Jr.

The 154th Reg't N. Y. V. have published the following testimonials of respect to the memory of Adjutant SAMUEL C. NOYES, JR., who fell in battle at Chancellorsville, Va., on the 2d of May instant:

HEADQUARTERS 154th REG. N. Y. V.
Near Brooks' Station, Va.
May 10, 1863.

SPECIAL ORDER No. 47.

With deep regret the Lieut. Colonel Commanding announces the death of Lieutenant SAMUEL C. NOYES, JR., Adjutant of the 154th Regiment New York Vol's, at the battle of Chancellorsville, Va., on the 2d inst.

Adjutant NOYES entered the service of the United States with his Regiment, on the 26th day of Sept., 1862, and has been identified with its history through all the perils and hardships incident to a long and active campaign. At the late sanguinary battle of Chancellorsville, his ardent patriotism and indomitable valor impelled him to seek the post of danger, and he fell heroically battling for his country's honor in the thickest of the fight.

The painful regrets of his fellow soldiers follow him. His generous nature and noble qualities, both as a citizen and soldier, endeared him to all, and he will be lamented and held in grateful remembrance as long as virtue and heroism shall engage the respect and admiration of his brave comrades.

As an appropriate expression of sorrow for his loss, an honor to the memory of the gallant dead, the officers of this Regiment will wear the customary badge of mourning upon the left arm for thirty days. By order of

Lieut.-Col. H. C. LOOMIS,

Commanding 154th Reg. N. Y. V.

A. CROSBY, Acting Adjutant.

CAMP, 154th REG. N. Y. V.

The Officers of the 154th Reg. N. Y. V., assembled at Regimental Headquarters, the 19th instant, to give suitable expression of their sorrow at the death of Lieut. SAMUEL C. NOYES, JR., late Adjutant of the Regiment, who fell upon the field of Chancellorsville, on the 2d inst. The meeting was organized by calling Lieutenant-Colonel H. C. LOOMIS to the chair, and appointing Capt. MATHEW B. CHENEY Sec. On motion, it was Resolved, That a committee of five be appointed to prepare resolutions expressive of the feelings of the officers of the Reg't on the melancholy occasion which called them together. The chair designated as such committee, Surgeon Henry Van Arman, capt. L. D. Warner, capt. Joseph H. Fay, capt. B. G. Casler, and Lieutenant Allanson Crosby, who reported the following resolutions which were

Latest Important

FROM GENERAL GRANT

Details of the Battle of Baker
Rebels Beaten at Every Point
my's Loss 3,000 Men, Best
Small Arms, &c.

WASHINGTON

Up to noon to-day no official news of the fall of Vicksburg had been received.

CINCINNATI

Special dispatches from the Army of Grant contain full accounts of the bloody and desperate engagements in which our soldiers immortalized themselves.

The Commercial's special dispatches follow:

BATTLE FIELD OF BAKER'S CREEK

The federal army under General Grant won another glorious victory.

A furious battle has been fought nearly five hours, and resulting in the enemy at all points, with a loss of killed and wounded and three pieces of heavy rifled cannon, besides 2,000 prisoners, large quantities of camp equipage.

Our success was signal and complete.

Early on the morning of the 1st of May, McClelland's corps were put in line. General Hovey's division advanced upon an open field to the foot of Champion Hill.

At 11 o'clock the battle was opened. Champion Hill was covered and flanked on both sides with a growth of scrubby bushes in many places covered with an entrance growth of scrubby bushes.

The rebels opened with a heavy fire from their four gun battery and from sharpshooters in the woods.

The battle raged terribly from 11 A. M.

General Hovey's division engaged in gallant style, making a dash upon the rebel battery and captured it from the thick in the vicinity were gun broken caissons, overturned kegs, small arms and other debris. The terrific struggle for the ground.

At this juncture the rebels abandoned the position and General Hovey was slowly supported by General Quimby with a brigadier's support of General Hovey, and speedily reoccupied and the rebels repulsed.

At the commencement of the day Gen. Logan's division marched